

KEEPING FISH AT HOME: FISH NUTRITION

The food you feed your fish is one of the most important things you can do for their health, happiness, and wellbeing.

From feeding tips to choosing the right food, here's everything you need to know about fish nutrition and how to choose the right fish diet for your pet. With the right care, fish make great pets.

NUTRITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

There are thought to be over 33,000 different species of fish in the world, and around 2,500 in the ornamental fish trade. Feeding strategies and nutritional needs vary between this myriad of fish families and species. Whilst this may sound daunting, it is easy to provide good nutrition by following some basic principles.

DIFFERING NUTRITIONAL NEEDS AND FEEDING STRATEGIES

Freshwater and marine ornamental fish can differ in their nutritional requirements. Some fish have evolved to feed on specific types of foods, and they can be herbivores, carnivores, or omnivores.

Fish in their wild habitats obtain their nutrients through a variety of both plant and animal sources and the majority of aquarium fish are omnivores. However, when choosing any food, it's important to check this.

Fish also have specific physical feeding needs, and we refer to this as feeding strategies. They can be bottom, middle, or surface feeders or algae grazers and this also needs to be considered.

Unless there is only one species of fish in the tank, it is very likely that different foods will be needed. For example, some floating and some sinking. Some animal-based, some plant-based. Owners will need to consider this when choosing their fish and ask for guidance from the retailer.

PREPARED FISH FOOD IS FORMULATED TO DELIVER COMPLETE NUTRITION

A good quality prepared food will provide fish with a complete and balanced diet including all the nutrients they need. This will include protein (which supplies the 10 essential amino acids that most fish require), fats (for energy and as a source of essential unsaturated fatty acids), vitamins and minerals.

Most species of fish are unable to make their own Vitamin C and so they must be provided with this nutrient in the diet. Essential Vitamins including A, C, D, E, K and B group, are all supplied in complete fish foods.

Some fish foods contain pigment enhancers, to bring out the natural colours of the fish (eg. in the form of ingredients such as shrimp meal, Spirulina algae, and the carotenoid astaxanthin).



"Nutrition problems usually result from feeding the wrong type of food or feeding improper amounts (too much or too little) so follow the principles above for healthy, happy fish."

Nicole Paley, UK Pet Food

THE CONNECTION BETWEEN FOOD QUALITY & WATER QUALITY

you are close to the

Fish food quality has a significant impact on the aquarium or pond environment, and how easy it is to maintain. This is because it is the main source of the dissolved and solid waste produced by the fish. Overfeeding, or feeding a poor-quality food, will result in greater waste production, and faster pollution of the water. This in turn necessitates more maintenance to keep the environment healthy.

Good quality foods use the right ingredients, manufacturing processes, and formulas to keep waste production to a minimum, whilst at the same time providing the fish with a healthy diet.

HOLIDAY CARE FOR YOUR FISH

If you go away on holiday, ask a responsible person to check on the fish and equipment each day. Remember:

- · Tropical fish will need checking daily.
- · Leave instructions on how to feed and avoid overfeeding.
- An automatic feeder will release a measured amount of food each day. This still needs to be checked every day to ensure it's working correctly.

It's actually **better to underfeed** rather than overfeed because fish are **more susceptible to poor water quality** than a lack of food.







MORE ADVICE ON FISH DIETS AND NUTRITION CAN BE FOUND AT WWW.UKPETFOOD.ORG