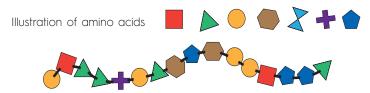


# PROTEINS IN PET FOOD

Proteins are essential macro-nutrients that act as building blocks in living tissue such as muscles and organs of all living creatures and can produce energy when digested. Proteins also have functional roles (e.g. enzymes, hormones and antibodies) in vital processes in the body and therefore need to be consistently replaced. This can be accomplished by regularly consuming foods that contain protein.

## STRUCTURE OF PROTEINS

Proteins are large molecules made up of much smaller units called amino acids. Although there are only about 20 different amino acids found in dietary proteins, the number of sequences in which they can be arranged is vast. This results in the wide variety of proteins found in nature.



A long chain of amino acids with a particular sequence will determine a specific protein

#### **QUANTITY AND QUALITY OF PROTEINS**

Proteins are required in the diet of all pets including dogs and cats, but each species of animals will need different amounts and different types of amino acids, and the recommended amounts may vary for different breeds and life stages. While proteins can be sourced from different origins (animal and plant based)1, it is the amino acid requirements of the pet that needs to be met. Fediaf Nutritional Guidelines indicate minimum and maximum levels of nutrients, including amino acids, needed in cats' and dogs' diets.

# Minimum recommended Protein Levels for Dogs\* Unit: Grams per 100g dry matter

Adult Dog - Based on activity level				
Low activity (MER of 95 kcal/kg <sup>0.75</sup> )	Moderate activity (MER of 110 kcal/kg <sup>0.75</sup> )	Early Growth (<14 weeks) & Reproduction	Late Growth (≥14 weeks)	
18	21	25	20	

# Minimum recommended Protein Levels for Cats\* Unit: Grams per 100g dry matter

Adult Cat - Based on activity level				
Neutered/Indoor Cats (MER of 95 kcal/kg <sup>0.75</sup> )		Growth & Reproduction		
33.3	25	28/30		

<sup>\*</sup>Please note, these tables are only given as a starting point. Please refer to Fediaf Nutritional Guidelines (www.fediaf.org/self-regulation/nutrition) for the comprehensive tables of nutrient and consult a veterinary nutritionist regarding an individual pet.

## UNDERSTANDING THE 'PROTEIN PERCENTAGE'

It is a legal requirement to show the protein percentage as well as fat, fibre, ash and moisture under Analytical Constituents on pet food labels. However, it is not possible to compare the protein levels of different products unless we work out how much protein the animal is actually consuming (i.e. grams of protein per day), taking into account feeding amounts as well as the water content of the product. Please see overleaf how this calculation can be done.

# COMPARING PROTEIN LEVELS OF WET AND DRY PET FOOD BASED ON DRY MATTER

To compare the percentage protein of a wet\* food and a dry food, we need to allow for the fact that a wet food contains much more water. This schematic picture shows that recommended feeding amounts of wet food are much more than dry food because of their water content.











## **IMPORTANT NOTE:**

In this factsheet the term 'wet food' refers to both commercially raw and cooked pet food products with water content of 60% or more.

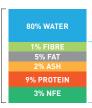
1. More information on sources of protein in pet food can be found at: www.ukpetfood.org/information-centre.html. Any questions about sources of protein in a particular product should be directed to the manufacturer.

## www.ukpetfood.org.uk

## **FACT SHEET**







PROTEIN LEVELS

DRY MATTER
Only dry
matters
can be
directly
compared

**HOW DAILY FEEDING AMOUNTS DETERMINE** 

a wet or dry diet, you must do the following conversion:

It is important to allow for the feeding guide to work out exactly how

much protein an animal gets from its food. If you compare two dry

dog foods, not only may they have differing protein percentages but they could also recommend different feeding amounts. In order

to work out the actual amount of protein the dog is consuming on







### STRUCTURE OF PROTEINS

Any food containing high levels of water will declare relatively low percentages of proteins, fats, etc, compared to that of a dried food, but because you feed more of the wet product, your pet will receive the required nutrients.

Wet food is made of around 60-80% water and the rest is called 'dry matter' which includes all the nutrients. A direct comparison of nutrients in a wet and a dry product is not possible unless a dry matter comparison is conducted.

To do a dry matter comparison we use the following equations:

100 - % moisture = % dry matter of the product

% Protein
% Dry Matter

x 100 = % moisture = % protein in the dry matter

#### Example for a wet product:

20

100 - 80 = 20% dry matter of the product

x 100 = 45% protein in the dry

matter of this product



Analytical Constituents
Protein 9%, Fat content
5%Ash 2%, Crude fibres
1%Moisture 80%

# For example:

	% protein of dry matter	Recommended feeding amount (g/day)	Protein consumed (g/day)
Diet A	20%	800	$\frac{800 \times 20}{100}$ = 160
Diet B	30%	500	$\frac{500 \times 30}{100}$ = 150

So we can see that even though diet A declares a lower protein percentage than diet B, because the feeding amounts of diet A are more, the protein consumed is also more than diet B.

#### **PLEASE NOTE:**

Recommended feeding amounts are carefully calculated to meet the nutritional and energy requirements of the average pet of the given weight.

# **EXAMPLE OF A DRY PRODUCT**

An average dry food contains up to 10%water, so 90% of the food is "dry matter". So if the analysis on the label says it contains 25% protein, using the same equation as above, the protein content of dry matter is:

25 90 x 100 = 28

So from the label, the wet food appears to be much lower in protein (9%) than the dry food (25%), but when you take into account the water content, the wet product turns out to have a much higher protein content (45%) compared to the dry product (28%) in this example.



Analytical Constituents
Protein 25%,
Fat content 15%, Ash
7%Fibres 2%, Moisture
10%

Information on energy (calorie) requirements and content of pet food can be found at: www.ukpetfood.org/resource/calculating-calories.html





FURTHER ADVICE AND INFORMATION ON CALORIES CAN BE FOUND ON OUR WEBSITE HERE OR SIMPLY SCAN THE QR CODE ABOVE